

# United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FII	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/821,422	09/821,422 03/29/2001		Michael Y. Frankel	345	3665
47372	7590	07/27/2005		EXAM	INER
BIRCH, STE	EWART,	KOLASCH & BI	PAYNE, DAVID C		
8110 GATEH	OUSE R	OAD		<del></del>	
SUITE 100 EA	AST		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
FALLS CHUI	RCH. VA	A 22042-1248	2638	<del>.</del>	

DATE MAILED: 07/27/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	re <del>X</del>					
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/821,422	FRANKEL ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	David C. Payne	2638				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet w	with the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a within the statutory minimum of the vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MC cause the application to become a	a reply be timely filed  inty (30) days will be considered timely.  DNTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status		•				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 Ag</u>	oril 2005.					
· <u></u>	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	•	•				
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) <u>16-23 and 25-36</u> is/are pending in the						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		•				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>16-23 and 29-35</u> is/are rejected.						
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>25-28 and 36</u> is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	, ,				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti	•					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attache	ed Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	•	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	•	n received in this National Stage				
application from the International Bureau	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	transition				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	or the certified copies no	received.				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date				

Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_. U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

6) Other: \_\_\_\_.

Application/Control Number: 09/821,422 Page 2

Art Unit: 2638

### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Response to Arguments

 Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 16-23 and 29-35 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
  - Claims 16-18, 29, 30, 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shake et al.
     US 6,587,242 B1 (Shake) in view of Uchiyama US 6204944 B1 (Uchiyama).

Re claims 16, 29, 30, 35 Shake disclosed

A communications network comprising:

an optical transmitter emitting an optical signal at a first wavelength (15 of Figure 11);

an optical communication path optically coupled to said optical transmitter (14 of Figure 11), said

optical communication path being configured to carry said optical signal;

a service channel emitter (16 of Figure 11) optically coupled to one of said optical communication

path, said service channel emitter supplying a service channel optical signal to said one of said

optical communication path, said service channel optical signal being at a second wavelength

different than said first wavelength (see e.g., col. 14 lines 50-67, col. 15 lines 1-15);

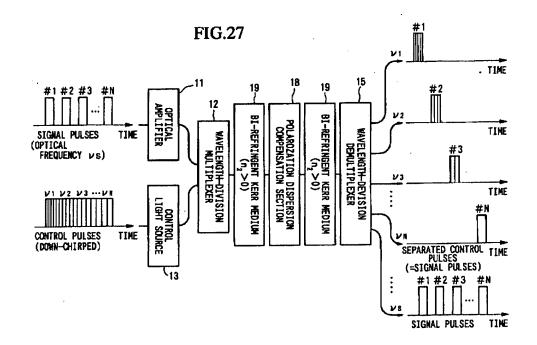
a dispersion compensating module optically coupled to said optical communication path (41 of Figure

11), said dispersion compensating module having an associated dispersion characteristic; and

Art Unit: 2638

a control circuit operatively coupled to said dispersion compensation module (44 of Figure 9), said control circuit being configured to adjust a dispersion characteristic associated with said dispersion compensating module in response to data carried by said service channel (see e.g., cols. 15 and 16). Shake does not disclose sending the supervisory signal onto an alternate path.

Uchiyama disclosed (e.g., Figure 27)



a control light source of chirped pulses to control a dispersion compensation unit (18) controlling the signal wavelengths.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to use a control signal on a separate wavelength to control the dispersion of the signal much like Shake for the clock signal since information signals are subject to dispersion as well.

## Re claim 17, Shake disclosed

Optical Signal Noise Ratio (OSNR) and Bit Error Rate (BER) as signal quality information in the service channel (see e.g., col. 16 lines 52-55).

Application/Control Number: 09/821,422

Art Unit: 2638

Regarding claim 18, Shake disclosed

a plurality of optical transmitters at respective wavelengths (Figure 11), but not where said dispersion characteristics being adjusted such that said optical signal and each of said plurality of optical signals has substantially the same dispersion.

However it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to control the dispersion to substantially the same level for each optical signal so that the a signal would be received at the far end with primarily the same signal characteristics of all the other signals and therefore reduce signal dependent error rates.

4. Claims 19-23, 31, 32, 33, 34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shake et al. US 6,587,242 B1 (Shake) and Uchiyama US 6204944 B1 (Uchiyama) as applied to claims 16 and 18 above, and in further view of Sasaoka et al. US 6,574,404 B2 (Sasaoka).

Regarding claim 19, 31, 32

the modified invention of Shake and Uchiyama does not disclose wherein said dispersion is substantially zero.

Sasaoka disclosed wherein said dispersion is substantially zero (see e.g. Sasaoka, col./line: 3/45-50). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to suppress waveform degradation of each signal to enable a signal transmission of high bit rate (see e.g. Sasaoka, col./line: 2/1-5).

Regarding claim 20, 33

the modified invention of Shake and Uchiyama does not disclose wherein said control circuit uses a thermal regulator.

Sasaoka disclosed a controller (Figure 7 #55) coupled to and supplying a control signal to a thermal regulator (#500) (e.g., col./line: 11/20-25). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to maintain temperature to a desired value and thereby control chromatic

Art Unit: 2638

dispersions in the dispersion compensating optical fiber (see e.g. Sasaoka, col./line: 11/35-40).

Regarding claim 21, 34

the modified invention of Shake, Uchiyama and Sasaoka disclosed wherein said First circuitry (temperature sensor) (Sasaoka, Figure 7 #53), Second circuitry (temp. control circuit) and thermal regulator (Figure 7 #54 and #55) as part of the thermal regulator.

Regarding claim 22,

the modified invention of Shake and Uchiyama does not disclose a thermally conductive casing for DCF.

Sasaoka disclosed a thermally conductive casing for the DCF (e.g., col./line: 11/20-25). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to maintain temperature to a desired value and thereby control chromatic dispersions in the dispersion compensating optical fiber (see e.g. Sasaoka, col./line: 11/35-40).

Regarding claim 23,

the modified invention of Shake and Uchiyama does not disclose a first and second DCF controllers. Sasaoka disclosed a first and second DCF controller (Figure 8 #231 and #221). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to control the dispersion along the entire length of the fiber as temperature variations will exist over large distances.

### Allowable Subject Matter

 Claims 25-28 and 36 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. Application/Control Number: 09/821,422

Art Unit: 2638

Conclusion

Page 6

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be

directed to David C. Payne whose telephone number is (571) 272-3024. The examiner can normally

be reached on M-F, 7a-4p.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

Kenneth Vanderpuye can be reached on (571) 272-3078. The fax phone number for the organization

where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application

Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from

either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through

Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC)

at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Dcp

David C. Payne Patent Examiner

**AU 2638**